

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

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FINANCIAL SECTION



JOHN CUTLER & ASSOCIATES

Board of Directors
Lyons Fire Protection District
Lyons, Colorado

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of the Lyons Fire Protection District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Lyons Fire Protection District as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Lyons Fire Protection District and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures of the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages i-v and the required budgetary and pension information on pages 26-30 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The individual fund financial schedules as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information and other information have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and other information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

John Luttrell & Associates, LLC

May 30, 2024

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Lyons Fire Protection District's (District) financial performance provides an overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements which begin on page 1.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statement consists of three components: 1) the government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

The government-wide financial statements detail functions of the District that are principally supported by tax revenues, grants and charges for services. The governmental activity of the District is public safety, primarily fire and emergency services.

Fund Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are governmental funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 through 5 of this report. The District adopted an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund is on page 28 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 6 through 27 of this report.

Lyons Fire Protection District
Condensed Statement of Net Position
December 31,

	Governmental Activities	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Assets		
Current assets	1,821,864	2,142,322
Pension assets	493,012	865,221
Capital assets	<u>2,982,643</u>	<u>3,050,058</u>
Total Assets	<u>5,297,519</u>	<u>6,057,601</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	590,696	177,557
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	94,435	74,426
Long-term liabilities	<u>298,158</u>	<u>326,091</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>392,593</u>	<u>400,517</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,639,138	1,747,050
Net Position		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,724,507	2,723,967
Restricted	48,200	38,650
Unrestricted	<u>1,083,777</u>	<u>1,324,974</u>
Total Net Position	<u>3,856,484</u>	<u>4,087,591</u>

Information: The District adopted an annual appropriated budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund is on page 28 of this report. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information consisting of the schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget to actual – General, Bond, and Acquisition Funds and the summary of historical information of the Defined Benefit Pension Plans, which can be found on pages 29 through 34 of this report.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government’s financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,856,484 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The District’s net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District’s investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

From 2022 to 2023, the District’s total assets decreased \$760,082, due primarily to decreased pension assets and decreased cash. Total liabilities decreased \$7,924, mainly due to debt reduction. The Statement of Net Position can be found on page 1.

**Lyons Fire Protection District
Condensed Statement of Activities
December 31,**

	Governmental Activities	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Grants and donations	59,170	635,751
General Revenues		
Taxes	1,353,276	1,097,110
Investment Earnings	34,203	19,176
Other	218,975	171,544
Total General Revenues	<u>1,606,454</u>	<u>1,287,830</u>
Total Revenues	<u>1,923,581</u>	<u>1,923,581</u>
Expenses		
General government	1,892,742	1,764,954
Interest on long term debt	3,989	5,625
Total expenses	<u>1,896,731</u>	<u>1,770,579</u>
Net Position, Beginning	4,087,591	3,934,589
Net Position, Ending	<u>3,856,484</u>	<u>4,087,591</u>

The District's overall financial position, as measured by net position, decreased \$231,107 during 2023, primarily due to capital outlays deferred from prior years and increased staffing.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As mentioned previously, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A discussion of the District's governmental funds follows.

Government Funds: The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and the balance of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Fund balances are detailed on page 3 of this report. The Bond Fund has been retired because the bond was fully paid down in 2022.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$298,234. Of this fund balance, \$284,224 is restricted, meaning it is not available for new spending, because it has already been committed for emergencies under Taxpayers' Bill of Rights (TABOR) and capital outlay. The \$14,010 remainder of the fund balance is unreserved and undesignated.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Budget Variances: The budget to actual comparison details can be seen on pages 28, 33, and 34 of the financial statements. General fund revenues fell short of budget by \$4,680 due to a shortfall in actual tax collections. Actual expenditures were under budget by \$51,949 due to deferred capital outlay.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The District’s investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2023 amounted to \$3,050,058 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). The analysis of changes in capital assets is as follows:

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)			
	<u>2022</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2023</u>
Land	45,017	0	45,017
Buildings	1,348,891	(75,358)	1,273,533
Vehicles	1,709,602	(45,509)	1,664,093
	<hr/>		
Total	3,103,510	(120,867)	2,982,643
	<hr/> <hr/>		

Additional information on the District’s capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Long-Term Obligations: At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total outstanding long term debt of \$258,136. The analysis of changes in long term debt is as follows:

Long Term Obligations			
	<u>2022</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2023</u>
Lease	326,091	(67,955)	258,136
	<hr/> <hr/>		

During 2023, the District made the scheduled principal and interest payments on the lease. Additional information on the District’s long-term obligations can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year’s Budgets and Rates

During its 2024 Legislative Session, the Colorado Legislature enacted Senate Bill 24-233 (“SB-233”), which Governor Polis signed into law. SB-233 makes substantial cuts in the assessment rates that will be applied to the actual value of residential and commercial property in 2024 and future years. SB-233 also reduces the actual value of certain classifications of property before the reduced assessment rates are applied. These reductions will result in the District receiving less property tax revenue than it would have otherwise received commencing in 2025. It is possible that, as has occurred over the last several years, the fair market value of residential and commercial properties increases so much that the property tax revenue generated will more than make up for the property tax revenue reductions imposed by SB-233.

SB-233 also puts in place a 5.5% cap on total property tax revenue growth that local governments, like the District, may receive year-over-year. Commencing in tax year 2025, if the District’s total property tax revenue for 2026 is projected to grow by more than 5.5% of the total property tax revenue the District received in 2025, the District would be required to reduce its property tax rate to a level that ensures the District’s property tax revenue increase in 2026 would not exceed 5.5% of the total property tax revenue it received in 2025. Moreover, the Statewide election in November of 2024 will contain ballot measures that seek to further reduce property taxes.

One such ballot measure, Proposition 50, would place a 4% cap on annual property tax revenue growth for local governments, including the District. The District believes that its recent voter-approved property tax rate increase will enable to District to withstand this potential loss in property tax revenue; however, SB-233 is a complex bill with far-reaching property tax revenue reductions. At this time, it is not possible to determine how those reductions will impact the District (if at all) in 2025 and future years.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those interested in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report or additional financial information should be addressed to: Lyons Fire Protection District, P.O. Box 695, Lyons, CO 80540.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

As of December 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$ 384,125	\$ 761,178
Receivables		
Property Taxes	1,429,195	1,294,074
Accounts	5,690	20,472
Prepaid Items	2,854	66,598
Net Pension Asset - Volunteer Pension	493,012	668,871
Net Pension Asset - SWDB Pension	-	196,350
Capital Assets, not depreciated	45,017	45,017
Capital Assets, depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	2,937,626	3,005,041
TOTAL ASSETS	5,297,519	6,057,601
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Volunteer Pension	248,625	57,062
Related to SWDB Pension	342,071	120,495
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	590,696	177,557
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	44,528	56,077
Accrued Expenses	49,907	18,349
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net Pension Asset - SWDB Pension	40,022	-
Due within One Year	60,343	67,955
Due in More Than One Year	197,793	258,136
TOTAL LIABILITIES	392,593	400,517
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	1,429,195	1,294,074
Other Deferred Revenue	-	12,600
Related to Volunteer Pension	175,580	242,555
Related to SWDB Pension	34,363	197,821
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,639,138	1,747,050
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,724,507	2,723,967
Restricted for Emergencies	48,200	38,650
Unrestricted	1,083,777	1,324,974
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,856,484	\$ 4,087,591

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended December 31, 2023

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position	
		Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				2023	2022
Governmental Activities					
Fire Administration	\$ 822,626	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (822,626)	\$ (243,934)
Fire Fighting and Prevention	1,070,116	59,170	-	(1,010,946)	(880,406)
Other	-	-	-	-	(4,863)
Interest on Long-term Debt	3,989	-	-	(3,989)	(5,625)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 1,896,731</u>	<u>\$ 59,170</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(1,837,561)	(1,134,828)
GENERAL REVENUES					
				1,288,344	1,057,810
				64,932	39,300
				34,203	19,176
				218,975	171,544
				<u>1,606,454</u>	<u>1,287,830</u>
				(231,107)	153,002
				<u>4,087,591</u>	<u>3,934,589</u>
				<u>\$ 3,856,484</u>	<u>\$ 4,087,591</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
As of December 31, 2023

	GENERAL FUND	BOND FUND	ACQUISITION FUND	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
				2023	2022
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ 350,389	\$ -	\$ 33,736	\$ 384,125	\$ 761,178
Property Taxes Receivable	1,193,132	-	236,063	1,429,195	1,294,074
Interfund Receivable	27,048	-	-	27,048	65,114
Accounts Receivable	4,886	-	804	5,690	20,472
Prepaid Expenses	2,854	-	-	2,854	66,598
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,578,309	\$ -	\$ 270,603	\$ 1,848,912	\$ 2,207,436
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 44,528	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 44,528	\$ 56,077
Interfund Payable	-	-	27,048	27,048	65,114
Accrued Expenses	49,907	-	-	49,907	18,349
TOTAL LIABILITIES	94,435	-	27,048	121,483	139,540
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	1,193,132	-	236,063	1,429,195	1,294,074
Other Deferred Revenue	-	-	-	-	12,600
TOTAL DEFERRED REVENUE	1,193,132	-	236,063	1,429,195	1,306,674
FUND BALANCE					
Fund Balance					
Nonspendable	2,854	-	-	2,854	66,598
Restricted for Emergencies	48,200	-	-	48,200	38,650
Restricted for Debt Service	-	-	-	-	10,105
Restricted for Acquisitions	-	-	7,492	7,492	35,230
Committed for Acquisitions	333,757	-	-	333,757	308,392
Unassigned	(94,069)	-	-	(94,069)	302,247
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	290,742	-	7,492	298,234	761,222
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,578,309	\$ -	\$ 270,603		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.				2,982,643	3,050,058
Long-term liabilities and related assets are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. These include net pension assets \$452,990, deferred outflows related to pensions \$590,696 and deferred inflows related to pensions (\$209,943), and the capital lease of (\$258,136)				575,607	276,311
Net Position of governmental activities				\$ 3,856,484	\$ 4,087,591

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended December 31, 2023

	GENERAL FUND	BOND FUND	ACQUISITION FUND	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
				2023	2022
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1,158,230	\$ -	\$ 195,046	\$ 1,353,276	\$ 1,097,110
Grants and Donations	59,170	-	-	59,170	748,317
Interest	31,965	-	2,238	34,203	19,176
Miscellaneous	218,975	-	-	218,975	58,978
TOTAL REVENUES	1,468,340	-	197,284	1,665,624	1,923,581
EXPENDITURES					
Fire Administration	535,410	-	2,279	537,689	179,151
Firefighting, Prevention and Emergency Response	1,000,153	-	241,240	1,241,393	1,418,842
Training	24,334	-	-	24,334	31,218
Equipment Repair and Maintenance	68,087	-	-	68,087	47,903
Site and Buildings	72,244	-	-	72,244	59,051
Acquisitions	81,629	-	-	81,629	657,332
Volunteer Pension Contribution	31,292	-	-	31,292	30,886
Other	-	-	-	-	94,863
Debt Service					
Principal	67,955	-	-	67,955	85,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,989	-	-	3,989	8,950
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,885,093	-	243,519	2,128,612	2,613,196
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(416,753)	-	(46,235)	(462,988)	(689,615)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from Insurance Recovery	-	-	-	-	326,091
Transfers In (Out)	10,105	(10,105)	-	-	-
TOTAL FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	10,105	(10,105)	-	-	326,091
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(406,648)	(10,105)	(46,235)	(462,988)	(363,524)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	697,390	10,105	53,727	761,222	1,124,746
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 290,742	\$ -	\$ 7,492	\$ 298,234	\$ 761,222

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities
are Different Because:

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (462,988)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense (\$253,645), exceeded capital outlay \$186,230, for the current period.	(67,415)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. These include payments on bonds.	67,955
Deferred Charges related to pension are not recognized in the governmental funds. However, for the government-wide funds that amount is capitalized and amortized.	<u>231,341</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ (231,107)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Lyons Fire Protection District was formed to provide fire protection and emergency medical services to the Town of Lyons and surrounding area within its boundaries. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Directors elected by the residents.

The accounting policies of the Lyons Fire Protection District (the “District”) conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity

In accordance with governmental accounting standards, the Lyons Fire Protection District has considered the possibility of inclusion of additional entities in its financial statements.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on financial accountability. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if District officials appoint a voting majority of the organization’s governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. The District may also be financially accountable for organizations that are fiscally dependent upon it.

Lyons Fire Fund

The District has established the Lyons Fire Fund as a 501(c)(3) supporting organization for the purpose of raising funds to augment the district budget to further its mission.

The activity of the Lyons Fire Fund will be included in the General Fund of the District.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current *financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, specific ownership taxes, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation
(Continued)

In the fund financial statements, the District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Bond Fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, governmental long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

The *Acquisition Fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, capital equipment and other firefighting activities provided by the District.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property and equipment of the District is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	50 years
Building Improvements	50 years
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	15 years

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities fund type statement of net position.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Net Position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets includes the District's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position includes assets that have third-party (statutory, bond covenant, or granting agency) limitations on their use. The District typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a future project.

Unrestricted Net Position typically includes unrestricted liquid assets. The Board has the authority to revisit or alter this designation.

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District classifies Prepaid Expenses as nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has classified Emergency Reserves as being restricted because their use is restricted by State Constitution for declared emergencies. In addition, the District has classified the Bond Fund as restricted because its use is restricted for debt service payments and has classified the Acquisition Fund as restricted because its use is restricted by a vote of taxpayers.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District has committed resources to be set aside on an annual basis for future replacement of apparatus.
- Unassigned – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the District are allowed to accumulate unused paid time off (PTO). Upon termination of employment with the District, an employee may be compensated for unused PTO at the current rate of pay. All PTO must be used by the end of the year or the employee will forfeit the paid time off.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to the liabilities, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position and fund balance that applies to a futures period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on or before December 15 and attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. Taxes are payable in full on April 30 or in two installments on February 28 and June 15. The County Treasurer's office collects property taxes and remits to the District on a monthly basis.

Since property tax revenues are collected in arrears during the succeeding year, a receivable and corresponding deferred revenue are recorded at December 31. As the tax is collected in the succeeding year, the deferred revenue is recognized as revenue and the receivable is reduced.

Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. However, complete comparative data in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles has not been presented since its inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Under State Law, the proposed budget must be submitted to the Board by October 15th of each year. District Management typically submits the proposed budget to the Board of Directors in September for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- At least one public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- On or before December 15, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY(Continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- District Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Directors.
- Budgets are legally adopted for all funds of the District on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Directors. All appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A summary of deposits and investments as of December 31, 2023 follows:

Cash Deposits	\$ 67,530
Investments	<u>316,595</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 384,125</u></u>

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. At December 31, 2023, State regulatory commissioners have indicated that all financial institutions holding deposits for the District are eligible public depositories. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits.

The District has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At December 31, 2023, the District had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount of \$67,530. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$61,730. All of these balances were covered by federal depository insurance.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 3: *DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS* (Continued)

Investments

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the units of local government may invest which includes:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

The above investments are authorized for all funds and fund types used by Colorado local governments.

Local Government Investment Pool

The District had invested \$316,595 in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) which has a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. ColoTrust is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds and is regulated by the State Securities Commissioner. It operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Investments consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the entities.

ColoTrust is not a 2a7-like external investment pool. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. The government-investor does not "look through" the pool to report a pro rata share of the pool's investments, receivables, and payables.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, is summarized below:

	<u>Balances</u> <u>12/31/22</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balances</u> <u>12/31/23</u>
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not depreciated				
Land	\$ 45,017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,017
Capital Assets, depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	1,929,219	10,443	-	1,939,662
Machinery and Equipment	545,119	54,736	-	599,855
Vehicles	<u>2,403,823</u>	<u>67,599</u>	-	<u>2,471,422</u>
Total Capital Assets, depreciated	<u>4,878,161</u>	<u>132,778</u>	-	<u>5,010,939</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	580,328	85,801	-	666,129
Machinery and Equipment	166,865	36,749	-	203,614
Vehicles	<u>1,072,475</u>	<u>131,095</u>	-	<u>1,203,570</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>1,819,668</u>	<u>253,645</u>	-	<u>2,073,313</u>
Total Capital Assets, depreciated, Net	<u>3,058,493</u>	<u>(120,867)</u>	-	<u>2,937,626</u>
Governmental Activities, Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 3,103,510</u>	<u>\$ (120,867)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,982,643</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to Fire Administration.

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT

Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2023.

	<u>Balance</u> <u>12/31/21</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Payments</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>12/31/22</u>	<u>Due In</u> <u>One Year</u>
Lease	\$ 326,091	\$ -	\$ 67,955	\$ 258,136	\$ 60,343

Lease

In October 2023, the District entered into a Lease agreement with Community First National Bank to finance the Rosenbauer Fire Apparatus. The lease requires annual payments of principal and interest, accruing at a rate of 10.31% through 2027.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Future Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements for the Leases at December 31, 2023, are as follows.

<u>Year Ended December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	\$ 60,343	\$ 11,601	\$ 71,944
2025	63,055	8,889	71,944
2026	65,889	6,055	71,944
2027	<u>68,850</u>	<u>3,094</u>	<u>71,944</u>
Total Debt Service Requirements	<u>\$ 258,136</u>	<u>\$ 29,639</u>	<u>\$ 287,775</u>

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District has established the Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan (the "Volunteer Plan"), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Colorado Fire & Police Pension Association ("FPPA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the Volunteer Plan have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. Any firefighter who has both attained the age of fifty and completed twenty years of active service shall be eligible for a monthly pension. Additionally, any firefighter that has reached the age of fifty with at least ten years of service will receive a pension benefit that is prorated for years of creditable volunteer service between 10 and 20 years. A firefighter who is disabled in the line of duty and whose disability is of such character and magnitude as to deprive the firefighter of earning capacity and extends beyond one year, shall be compensated in an amount determined by the Pension Board. The Plan also provides for a lump-sum burial benefit upon the death of an active or retired firefighter. Spouses of deceased firefighters may receive benefits as authorized by State statute. FPPA issues an annual, publicly-available financial report that includes the assets of the Volunteer Plan. That report may be obtained on FPPA's website at <http://www.fppaco.org>.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 December 31, 2023

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Funding Policy. An actuary is used to determine the annual required contribution (“ARC”) necessary to maintain the actuarial soundness of the Plan. Colorado law requires the State to make an annual contribution to the Plan. Because the District’s monthly benefit amount is over \$300, the State’s annual contribution is calculated as the highest State contribution made between 1998 and 2001. The District makes an additional contribution to support the plan.

The actuarial study as of January 1, 2023, indicated that the current levels of contributions to the fund are adequate to support on an actuarially sound basis the prospective benefits for the present Plan.

At December 31, 2023 there are 26 retired volunteers receiving benefits, 6 active volunteers and 4 inactive, nonretired volunteers.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2023, the District reported a net pension asset of \$493,012. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2023.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the District recognized pension income of \$66,017.

At December 31, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	N/A	\$49,722
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$210,354	\$125,858
Change in assumptions and other inputs	\$6,979	N/A
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$31,292	N/A
Total	\$248,625	\$175,580

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$31,292 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31,	
2024	(\$42,098)
2025	\$3,019
2026	\$28,245
2027	\$52,587

Actuarial assumptions: Method, and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method:	Level Dollar Open*
Remaining Amortization Period:	20 years*
Asset Valuation Method:	5-Year smoothed fair value
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases:	N/A
Investment Rate of Return:	7.00%
Retirement Age:	50% per year of eligibility until 100% at age 65.
Mortality:	Pre-retirement: 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and then projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years, 50% multiplier for off-duty mortality. Post-retirement: 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and then projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. Disabled: 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables for males and females projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and then projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years.

- *Plans that are heavily weighted with retiree liabilities use an amortization period based on the expected remaining lifetime of the participants.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00%	3.92%
Fixed Income - Rates	10.00%	5.45%
Fixed Income - Credit	5.00%	6.90%
Absolute Return	9.00%	6.49%
Long Short	6.00%	7.47%
Global Equity	35.00%	8.93%
Private Markets	34.00%	10.31%
Total	100.0%	

Sensitivity of the District's net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Proportionate share of the net pension asset	(\$374,425)	(\$493,012)	(\$592,007)

FPPA System Description. The Fire & Police Pension Association administers an agent multiple-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS). The PERS represents the assets of numerous separate plans that have been pooled for investment purposes. The pension plans have elected to affiliate with FPPA for plan administration and investment only.

FPPA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at <http://www.fppaco.org>.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. The District contributes to the Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan (“SWDB Plan”), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which is administered by the FPPA. The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SWDB Plan have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Plan assets are included in the Fire & Police Members’ Benefit Investment Fund and the Fire & Police Members’ Self-Directed Investment Fund (for Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) assets and Separate Retirement Account assets from eligible retired members).

Plan description. The Statewide Defined Benefit Plan (SWDB) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all full-time employees of participating fire or police departments in Colorado hired on or after April 8, 1978 (New Hires), provided that they are not already covered by a statutorily exempt plan. As of August 5, 2003, the Plan may include clerical and other personnel from fire districts whose services are auxiliary to fire protection. The Plan became effective January 1, 1980. As of January 1, 2023, Statewide Defined Benefit Plan and the Statewide Hybrid Plan have merged to form the Statewide Retirement Plan (SRP) and the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan becomes the Defined Benefit Component of the Statewide Retirement Plan.

Benefits provided. A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed twenty-five years of credited service and has attained the age of 55. Effective January 1, 2021, a member may also qualify for a normal retirement pension if the member's combined years of service and age equals at least 80, with a minimum age of 50 (Rule of 80).

The annual normal retirement benefit is 2 percent of the average of the member’s highest three years’ pensionable earnings for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter. The benefit earned prior to January 1, 2007 for members of affiliated Social Security employers will be reduced by the amount of Social Security income payable to the member annually. Effective January 1, 2007, members covered under Statewide Defined Benefit Social Security Component will receive half the benefit when compared to the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan. Benefit adjustments paid to retired members are evaluated annually and may be re-determined every October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the Board’s discretion and can range from 0 to the higher of 3 percent or the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

A member is eligible for an early retirement after completion of 30 years of service or attainment of age 50 with at least five years of credited service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5 percent as interest, returned as a lump sum distribution. Alternatively, a member with at least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the Plan and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 2 percent of the member's average highest three years' pensionable earnings for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter.

Contributions. The SWDB Plan sets contribution rates at a level that enables all benefits to be fully funded at the retirement date of all members. Contribution rates for the SWDB Plan are set by state statute. Employer contribution rates can only be amended by state statute. Member contribution rates can be amended by state statute or election of the membership. Effective January 1, 2023, contribution rates for employers and members may be increased equally by the FPPA Board of Directors upon approval through an election by both the employers and members.

In 2014, the members elected to increase the member contribution rate to the SWDB plan beginning in 2015. Member contribution rates increased 0.5 percent annually through 2022 to a total of 12 percent of pensionable earnings. Employer contributions increase 0.5 percent annually beginning in 2021 through 2030 to a total of 13.0 percent of pensionable earnings. In 2022, members of the SWDB plan and their employers are contributing at the rate of 12.0 percent and 9.0 percent, respectively, of pensionable earnings for a total contribution rate of 21.0 percent.

Contributions from members and employers of departments reentering the system are established by resolution and approved by the FPPA Board of Directors. The member and employer contribution rates will increase through 2030 as described above for the non-reentering departments. Effective January 1, 2021, reentry departments may submit a resolution to the FPPA Board of Directors to reflect the actual cost of reentry by department. Each reentry department is responsible to remit contributions to the plan in accordance with their most recent FPPA Board of Directors approved resolution.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

The contribution rate for members and employers of affiliated social security employers is 6.0 percent and 4.5 percent, respectively, of pensionable earnings for a total contribution rate of 10.5 percent in 2021. Per the 2014 member election, members of the affiliate social security group had their required contribution rate increase 0.25 percent annually beginning in 2015 through 2022 to a total of 6.0 percent of pensionable earnings. Employer contributions will increase 0.25 percent annually beginning in 2021 through 2030 to a total of 6.5 percent of pensionable earnings

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2023, the District reported a liability in the amount of \$40,022 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the District's contributions to the SWDB Plan for the calendar year 2022 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the SWDB Plan.

At December 31, 2022 the District's proportion was 0.04509%, which was an increase of 0.00886% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021. For the year ended December 31, 2023 the District recognized a pension income of \$89,404. At December 31, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$86,634	\$4,912
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$90,569	N/A
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	\$54,336	N/A
Change in assumptions and other inputs	\$51,274	\$29,451
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$59,258	N/A
Total	\$342,071	\$34,363

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

\$59,258 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31	
2023	\$23,528
2024	\$40,634
2025	\$56,363
2026	\$77,074
2027	\$17,888
Thereafter	\$32,965

Actuarial assumptions. The actuarial valuations for the SWBP were used to determine the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2017. The valuations used the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Total Pension Liability:

Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2023
Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	N/A
Amortization Period	N/A
Long-term investment Rate of Return*	7.00 percent
Projected salary increases*	4.25 – 11.25 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.00 percent
*Includes Inflation at 2.5%	

Actuarially Determined Contributions:

Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2022
Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % of Payroll, Open
Amortization Period	30 Years
Long-term investment Rate of Return*	7.0 percent
Projected salary increases*	4.25-11.25 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.00 percent
*Includes Inflation at 2.5%	

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For determining the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions, the post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees uses the 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and the projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. The preretirement off-duty mortality tables are adjusted to 50% of the RP-2014 mortality tables for active employees. The on-duty mortality rate is 0.00015.

At least every five years the FPPA’s Board of Directors, in accordance with best practices, reviews its economic and demographic actuarial assumptions. At its July 2022 meeting, the Board of Directors reviewed and approved recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions. The recommendations were made by the FPPA’s actuaries, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company, based upon their analysis of past experience and expectations of the future. The assumption changes were effective for actuarial valuations beginning January 1, 2023. The actuarial assumptions impact actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credit and other benefits where actuarial factors are used.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (assumed at 2.5 percent). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund’s target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	35.00%	8.93%
Equity Long/Short	6.00%	7.47%
Private Markets	34.00%	10.31%
Fixed Income - Rates	10.00%	5.45%
Fixed Income - Credit	5.00%	6.90%
Absolute Return	9.00%	6.49%
Cash	1.00%	3.92%
Total	100.00%	

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Board’s funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWDB plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount rate. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan’s fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan’s projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent; the municipal bond rate is 4.05 percent (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the “state & local bonds” rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.00 percent.

Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the Single Discount Rate, the following presents the plan’s net pension liability/(asset), calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the plan’s net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$275,908	\$40,022	(\$155,368)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SWDB Plan’s fiduciary net position is available in FPPA’s comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at <http://www.fppaco.org>.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains insurance through a commercial carrier for these risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in the last three years.

NOTE 8: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in a number of federal, state, and local programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenses financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenses are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the District may be required to reimburse the grantor government. The District believes that disallowed expenses, if any, would not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the District.

TABOR Amendment - Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local government. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the Amendment. The District has established an emergency reserve, representing 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding debt service), as required by the Amendment. At December 31, 2023, the emergency reserve of \$48,200 was recorded in the General Fund.

NOTE 9: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Potential subsequent events were considered through May 30, 2024. It was determined that no events were required to be disclosed through this date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

GENERAL FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2023			VARIANCE Positive (Negative)	2022 ACTUAL
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 1,108,733	\$ 1,108,733	\$ 1,093,298	\$ (15,435)	\$ 791,650
Specific Ownership Taxes	32,111	60,162	64,932	4,770	39,300
Grants and Donations	15,330	63,570	59,170	(4,400)	748,317
Interest	-	31,965	31,965	-	15,900
Miscellaneous	-	208,590	218,975	10,385	58,978
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>1,156,174</u>	<u>1,473,020</u>	<u>1,468,340</u>	<u>(4,680)</u>	<u>1,654,145</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Fire Administration	1,186,494	1,439,359	535,410	903,949	436,785
Firefighting, Prevention and Emergency Response	-	-	1,000,153	(1,000,153)	1,174,745
Training	47,825	47,825	24,334	23,491	31,218
Equipment Repair	51,653	80,530	68,087	12,443	46,544
Site and Buildings	40,876	72,310	72,244	66	59,051
Acquisitions	150,000	263,573	81,629	181,944	338,590
Volunteer Pension Contribution	31,292	31,292	31,292	-	30,886
Other	2,153	2,153	71,944	(69,791)	95,373
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>1,510,293</u>	<u>1,937,042</u>	<u>1,885,093</u>	<u>51,949</u>	<u>2,213,192</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(354,119)</u>	<u>(464,022)</u>	<u>(416,753)</u>	<u>47,269</u>	<u>(559,047)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt	-	-	-	-	326,091
Transfers In	-	-	10,105	10,105	-
TOTAL SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,105</u>	<u>10,105</u>	<u>326,091</u>
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(354,119)	(464,022)	(406,648)	57,374	(232,956)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	<u>638,345</u>	<u>638,345</u>	<u>697,390</u>	<u>59,045</u>	<u>930,346</u>
FUND BALANCE, Ending	<u>\$ 284,226</u>	<u>\$ 174,323</u>	<u>\$ 290,742</u>	<u>\$ 116,419</u>	<u>\$ 697,390</u>

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

December 31, 2023

<u>FY Ending December 31</u>	<u>Actuarially Determined Contribution</u>	<u>Actual Contribution*</u>	<u>Contribution Deficiency (Excess)</u>	<u>Covered Payroll</u>	<u>Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll</u>
2013	11,757	45,665	(33,908)	N/A	N/A
2014	11,757	41,276	(29,519)	N/A	N/A
2015	(7,344)	44,866	(52,210)	N/A	N/A
2016	-	42,477	(42,477)	N/A	N/A
2017	-	44,790	(44,790)	N/A	N/A
2018	4,665	33,010	(28,345)	N/A	N/A
2019	4,665	49,942	(45,277)	N/A	N/A
2020	14,628	52,138	(37,510)	N/A	N/A
2021	14,628	45,516	(30,888)	N/A	N/A
2022	-	30,886	(30,886)	N/A	N/A

*Includes both employer and State of Colorado Supplementary Discretionary Payment

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS
VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

Measurement Period Ending December 31,	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total Pension Liability									
Service Cost	\$ 22,913	\$ 20,566	\$ 20,566	\$ 26,042	\$ 26,042	\$ 21,089	\$ 21,089	\$ 15,307	\$ 15,307
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	62,222	58,972	61,634	71,035	74,734	71,662	73,939	73,848	74,853
Benefit Changes	-	-	61,397	-	-	-	74,425	-	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	(85,876)	-	5,505	-	(67,862)	-	(98,592)	-	(47,985)
Assumption Changes	-	-	19,726	-	48,431	-	-	-	11,446
Benefit Payments	(39,965)	(42,984)	(45,150)	(47,227)	(48,300)	(55,020)	(65,612)	(73,163)	(76,479)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(40,706)	36,554	123,678	49,850	33,045	37,731	5,249	15,992	(22,858)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	838,004	797,298	833,852	957,530	1,007,380	1,040,425	1,078,156	1,083,405	1,099,397
Total Pension Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 797,298</u>	<u>\$ 833,852</u>	<u>\$ 957,530</u>	<u>\$ 1,007,380</u>	<u>\$ 1,040,425</u>	<u>\$ 1,078,156</u>	<u>\$ 1,083,405</u>	<u>\$ 1,099,397</u>	<u>\$ 1,076,539</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Employer Contribution	\$ 30,236	\$ 26,646	\$ 27,847	\$ 30,691	\$ 33,010	\$ 35,312	\$ 37,508	\$ 16,256	\$ 16,256
Pension Plan Net Investment Income	66,696	18,991	57,480	163,983	578	179,092	184,138	230,681	(141,145)
Benefit Payments	(39,965)	(42,984)	(45,150)	(47,227)	(48,300)	(55,020)	(65,612)	(73,163)	(76,479)
Pension Plan Administrative Expenses	(1,925)	(4,041)	(1,976)	(12,752)	(12,906)	(14,354)	(7,887)	(9,711)	(11,979)
State of Colorado Supplemental Discretionary Payment	14,630	14,630	14,630	14,630	-	14,630	14,630	29,260	14,630
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	69,672	13,242	52,831	149,325	(27,618)	159,660	162,777	193,323	(198,717)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	995,056	1,064,728	1,077,970	1,130,801	1,280,126	1,252,508	1,412,168	1,574,945	1,768,268
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	<u>1,064,728</u>	<u>1,077,970</u>	<u>1,130,801</u>	<u>1,280,126</u>	<u>1,252,508</u>	<u>1,412,168</u>	<u>1,574,945</u>	<u>1,768,268</u>	<u>1,569,551</u>
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ (267,430)	\$ (244,118)	\$ (173,271)	\$ (272,746)	\$ (212,083)	\$ (334,012)	\$ (491,540)	\$ (668,871)	\$ (493,012)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	133.54%	129.28%	118.10%	127.07%	120.38%	130.98%	145.37%	160.84%	145.80%
Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

This schedule will report ten years of data when it is available.

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
STATEWIDE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

Years Ended December 31,

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.021%	0.019%	0.013%	0.014%	0.013%	0.012%	0.026%	0.022%	0.036%	0.045%
District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (18,487)	\$ (20,930)	\$ (228)	\$ 5,094	\$ (19,224)	\$ 14,969	\$ (14,635)	\$ (48,703)	\$ (196,350)	\$ 40,022
District's covered payroll	\$ 89,813	\$ 89,400	\$ 62,800	\$ 72,138	\$ 78,160	\$ 79,316	\$ 276,000	\$ 349,000	\$ 312,500	\$ 455,944
District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-20.6%	-23.4%	-0.4%	7.1%	-24.6%	18.9%	-5.3%	-14.0%	-62.8%	8.8%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	106.8%	105.8%	100.1%	98.2%	106.3%	95.2%	101.9%	106.7%	116.2%	97.6%

Notes:

This schedule is reported as of December 31, as that is the plan year end.

This schedule will report ten years of data when it is available.

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS
 STATEWIDE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

Years Ended December 31,

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 6,672	\$ 5,024	\$ 5,771	\$ 6,253	\$ 6,345	\$ 22,080	\$ 18,040	\$ 26,570	\$ 36,269	\$ 59,258
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	<u>6,672</u>	<u>5,024</u>	<u>5,771</u>	<u>6,253</u>	<u>6,345</u>	<u>22,080</u>	<u>18,040</u>	<u>26,570</u>	<u>36,269</u>	<u>59,258</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 83,400	\$ 62,800	\$ 72,138	\$ 78,159	\$ 79,316	\$ 276,000	\$ 225,500	\$ 312,500	\$ 426,694	\$ 455,944
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.50%	8.50%	13.00%

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
 BOND FUND
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
 Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2023		VARIANCE Positive (Negative)	2022 ACTUAL
	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 75,659
Specific Ownership Taxes	-	-	-	3,754
Interest	-	-	-	759
TOTAL REVENUES	-	-	-	80,172
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Treasurer Fees	-	-	-	1,233
Debt Service				
Principal	-	-	-	85,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	-	8,950
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	-	-	95,183
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	-	-	(15,011)
OTHER USES OF FUNDS				
Transfers Out	-	(10,105)	(10,105)	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(10,105)	(10,105)	(15,011)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	-	10,105	10,105	25,116
FUND BALANCE, Ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 10,105</u>

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

LYONS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
ACQUISITION FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2023		VARIANCE Positive (Negative)	2022 ACTUAL
	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 185,370	\$ 183,453	\$ (1,917)	\$ 177,914
Specific Ownership Taxes	7,217	11,593	4,376	8,833
Interest	-	2,238	2,238	2,517
 TOTAL REVENUES	 <u>192,587</u>	 <u>197,284</u>	 <u>4,697</u>	 <u>189,264</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Fire Administration	2,940	2,279	661	2,961
Fire Fighting	322,687	241,240	81,447	301,860
 TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 <u>325,627</u>	 <u>243,519</u>	 <u>82,108</u>	 <u>304,821</u>
 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	 (133,040)	 (46,235)	 86,805	 (115,557)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	<u>166,031</u>	<u>53,727</u>	<u>(112,304)</u>	<u>169,284</u>
FUND BALANCE, Ending	<u>\$ 32,991</u>	<u>\$ 7,492</u>	<u>\$ (25,499)</u>	<u>\$ 53,727</u>

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.